- b. Whenever the continuance of any construction becomes dangerous to life or property.
- c. Whenever there is any violation of any condition or provisions of the application for permit or of the permit.
- d. Whenever, in the opinion of the Building Inspector, there is inadequate supervision provided on the job site.
- e. Whenever any false statement or misrepresentation has been made in the application for permit, plans, drawings, data specifications or certified lot or plot plan on which the issuance of the permit or approval was based.
- f. Whenever there is a violation of any of the conditions of an approval or occupancy given by the Building Inspector for the use of all new materials, equipment, methods or construction devices or appliances.
- (2) The notice revoking a building permit shall be in writing and may be served upon the applicant of the permit, owner of the premises and his agent, if any, and on the person having charge of construction.
- (3) A revocation placard shall also be posted upon the building, structure, equipment or premises in question by the Building Inspector.
- (4) After the notice is served upon the persons as aforesaid and posted, it shall be unlawful for any person to proceed thereafter with any construction operation whatsoever on the premises, and the permit which has been so revoked shall be null and void, and before any construction or operation is again resumed, a new permit, as required by this Chapter, shall be procured and fees paid therefor, and thereafter the resumption of any construction or operation shall be in compliance with the regulation of this Chapter. However, such work as the Building Inspector may order as a condition precedent to the reissuance of the building permit may be performed, or such work as he may require for the preservation of life and safety.
- (g) **Display of Permit.** Building permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises where the authorized building or work is in progress at all times during construction or work thereon.

SEC. 15-1-3 STATE UNIFORM DWELLING CODE ADOPTED.

- (a) State Code Adopted. The administrative code provisions describing and defining regulations with respect to one (1) and two (2) family dwellings in Chapters ILHR 20 through 25 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code are hereby adopted and by reference made a part of this Chapter as if fully set forth herein. Any act required to be performed or prohibited by an Administrative Code provision incorporated herein by reference is required or prohibited by this Chapter. Any future amendments, revisions or modifications of the Administrative Code provisions incorporated herein are intended to be made part of this Chapter to secure uniform statewide regulation of one (1) and two (2) family dwellings in this Village. A copy of these administrative code provisions and any future amendments shall be kept on file in the Village Clerk's Office.
- **(b)** Existing Buildings. The "Wisconsin Uniform Dwelling Code" shall also apply to buildings and conditions where:
 - (1) An existing building to be occupied as a one (1) or two (2) family dwelling, which building was not previously so occupied.
 - (2) An existing structure that is altered or repaired, when the cost of such alteration or repair during the life of the structure exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the equalized value of the structure, said value to be determined by the Village Assessor.

Additions and alterations, regardless of cost, made to an existing building $(^{3})$ when deemed necessary in the opinion of the Building Inspector shall comply with the requirements of this Chapter for new buildings. The

provisions of Section 15-1-2 shall also apply.

(4) Roof Coverings -- Whenever more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the roof covering of a building is replaced in any twelve (12) month period, all roof covering shall be in conformity with applicable Sections of this Chapter. Additions and alterations -- Any addition or alteration, regardless of cost, made to a building shall be made in conformity with applicable Sections of $(^{5})$ this Chapter.

(c) Definitions.

(1) Addition. "Addition" means new construction performed on a dwelling which increases the outside dimensions of the dwelling.

(2) Alteration. "Alteration" means a substantial change or modification other than an addition or minor repair to a dwelling or to systems involved within a dwelling.

> Department. "Department" means the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations.

(3) Dwelling "Dwelling" means:

a. Any building, the initial construction of which is commenced on or after the effective date of this Chapter which contains one (1) or two (2) dwelling units; or

b. An existing structure, or that part of an existing structure, which

used or intended to be used as a one (1) or two (2) family dwelling.

Minor Repair. "Minor repair" means repair performed for maintenance or replacement purposes on any existing one (1) or two (2) family dwelling which does not affect room arrangement, light and ventilation, access to or efficiency of any exit stairways or exits, fire protection or exterior aesthetic appearance and which does not increase a given occupancy and use. No building permit is required for work to be performed which is deemed minor repair.

(6) One (1) or Two (2) Family Dwelling. "A one (1) or two (2) family dwelling" means a building structure which contains one (1) or separate households intended to be used as a home, residence or sleeping place by an individual or by two (2) or more individuals maintaining a common household to the exclusion of all others.

<u>Person.</u> "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm or corporation. <u>Uniform</u> Dwelling Code. "Uniform Dwelling Code" means those Administrative Code Provisions and any future amendments, revisions or modifications thereto, contained in the following chapters of the Wisconsin Administrative Code:

Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 20 -- Administrative and Enforcement

Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 21 -- Construction Standards

Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 22 — Energy Conservation Standards

Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 23 - - Heating, Ventilating and Air

Conditioning

Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 24 - - Electrical Standards
Wis. Adm. Code Chapter ILHR 25 - - Plumbing and Potable Water Standards

(d) Method of Enforcement.

- (1) Certified Inspector Not Provided. The Village of Nichols, as a municipality under two thousand five hundred (2,500) in population, shall not contract with or provide a building inspector certified by the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations in each category specified under Sec.

 ILHR 26.06, Wis. Adm. Code, and by the Depai __ luient of Health and Social Services in the category of plumbing for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of the one (1) and two (2) family Uniform Dwelling Code adopted m this Chapter. However, private individuals may, at their own expense, contract with a certified building inspector through DILHR for inspection services.
- (2) <u>Inspection Powers.</u> An authorized inspection official of the Village may at all reasonable hours enter upon any public or private premises for inspection purposes and may require the production of the permit for any building, plumbing, electrical or heating work. No person shall interfere with or refuse to permit access to any such premises to such inspector while in performance of his duties.

SEC. 15-1-4 CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS; CODES ADOPTED.

(a) **Portions of State Building Code Adopted.** Chapters **ILHR** 50 through **ILHR** 64, Wis. Adm. Code (Wisconsin State Building Code) are hereby adopted and made a part of this Chapter with respect to those classes of buildings to which this Building Code specifically applies. Any future amendments, revisions and modifications of said Chs. 50 to 64 incorporated herein are intended to be made a part of this Code. A copy of said Chs. 50 to 64 and amendments thereto shall be kept on file in the office of the Village Clerk.

(b) **State Plumbing Code Adopted.** The provisions and regulations of Ch. 145, Wis. Stats., and Wis. Adm. Code Chs. H 81, H 82, H 83 and **ILHR** 25 are hereby made a part of this Chapter by reference and shall extend over and govern the installation of all plumbing installed, altered or repaired in the Village. Any further amendments, revisions and modifications of said Wisconsin Statutes and

Administrative Code herein are intended to be made part of this Chapter.

(c) State Electrical Code Adopted.

(1) Wis. Adm. Code **ILHR** 24 is hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this Chapter and shall apply to the construction and inspection of new one (1) and two (2) family dwellings and additions or modifications to existing one (1) and two (2) family dwellings.

(2) Subject to the exceptions set forth in this Chapter, the Electrical Code, Volume 1, and Rules of Electrical Code, Volume 2, of the Wisconsin Administrative Code are hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this Section and shall apply to all buildings, except those covered in

Subsection (1) above.

(d) **Conflicts. If,** in the opinion of the Building Inspector and the Village Board, the provisions of the State Building Code adopted by Subsection (a) of this Section shall conflict with the provisions of the Federal Housing Administration standards in their application to any proposed building or structure, the Inspector and/or the Village shall apply the most stringent provisions in determining whether or not the proposed building meets the requirements of this Section.

SEC. 15-1-5 NEW METHODS AND MATERIALS.

- (a) All materials, methods of construction and devices designed for use in buildings or structures covered by this Section and not specifically mentioned in or permitted by this Section shall not be so used until approved in writing by the State Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations for use in buildings or structures covered by the Wisconsin State Building Code, except sanitary appliances, which shall be approved in accordance with the State Plumbing Code.
- (b) Such materials, methods of construction and devices, when approved, must be installed or used in strict compliance with the manufacturer's specifications and any rules or conditions of use established by the State Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations. The data, test and other evidence necessary to prove the merits of such material, method of construction or device shall be determined by the State Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations.

SEC. 15-1-6 UNSAFE BUILDINGS.

Whenever the Village Board find any building or part thereof within the Village to be, in its judgment, so old, dilapidated or out of repair as to be dangerous, unsafe, unsanitary or otherwise unfit for human occupancy or use and so that it would be unreasonable to repair the same, they shall order the owner to raze and remove such building or part thereof or, if it can be made safe by repairs, to repair and make safe and sanitary, or to raze and remove at the owner's option. such order and proceedings shall be as provided in Sec. 66.05, Wis. Stats.

SEC. 15-1-7 REGULATION AND PERMIT FOR RAZING BUILDINGS.

- (a) No building within the Village of Nichols shall be razed without a permit from the Building Inspector. A snow fence or other approved barricade shall be provided as soon as any portion of the building is removed and shall remain during razing operations. After all razing operations have been completed, the foundation shall be filled at least one (1) foot above the adjacent grade, the property raked clean, and all debris hauled away. Razing permits shall lapse and be void unless the work authorized thereby is commenced within six (6) months from the date thereof or completed within thirty (30) days from the date of commencement of said work. Any unfinished portion of work remaining beyond the required thirty (30) days must have special approval from the Building Inspector.
- (b) All debris must be hauled away at the end of each day for the work that was done on that day. No combustible material shall be used for backfill, but shall be hauled away. There shall not be any burning of materials on the site of the razed building. If any razing or removal operation under this Section results in, or would likely result in, an excessive amount of dust particles in the air creating a nuisance in the vicinity thereof, the permittee shall take all necessary steps, by use of water spraying or other appropriate means, to eliminate such nuisance. The permittee shall take all necessary steps, prior to the razing of a building, through the employment of a qualified person in the field of pest control or by other appropriate means, to treat the . building as to prevent the spread and migration of rodents and insects therefrom during and after the razing operations.

SEC. 15-1-8 BASEMENTS; EXCAVATIONS.

- (a) Basement Subflooring. First floor subflooring shall be completed within sixty (60) days after the basement is excavated.
- (b) Fencing of Excavations. The owner of any premises on which there exists an opening or excavation which is located in close proximity to a public sidewalk or street right-of-way as to constitute a hazard to pedestrian or vehicular traffic shall erect a fence, wall or railing at least four (4) feet high between such opening or excavation and the public right-of-way.
- Closing of Abandoned Excavations. Any excavation for building purposes or any uncovered foundation which shall remain open for more than three (3) months shall be deemed abandoned and a nuisance and the Building Inspector shall order that unless the erection of the building or structure on the excavation or foundation shall commence or continue forthwith suitable safeguards shall be provided to prevent accidental injury to children or other frequenters or that the excavation or foundation be filled to grade. Such order shall be served upon the owner of record or the owner's agent, where an agent is in charge of the premises, and upon the holder of an encumbrance of record in the manner provided for service of a summons in the circuit court. If the owner or the holder of an encumbrance of record cannot be found, the order may be served by posting it on the premises and make publication in the official newspaper for two (2) consecutive publications at least ten (10) days before the time for compliance stated in the order commences to run. Such time shall be not less than fourteen (14) nor more than twenty (20) days after service. If the owner of the land fails to comply with the order within the time required, the Building Inspector shall cause the excavation or foundation to be filled to grade. The cost of such abatement shall be charged against the real estate and entered on the next succeeding tax roll as a special charge and shall bear interest at a rate established by the Village Board from the date of the report by the Building Inspector on the cost thereof, pursuant to the provisions of Sec. 66.60, Wis. Stats.

SEC. 15-1-9 REGULATIONS FOR MOVING BUILDINGS.

(a) General Requirements.

- (1) No person shall move any building or structure upon any of the public ways of the Village without first obtaining a permit therefor from the Building Inspector and upon the payment of the required fee. Every such permit issued by the Building Inspector for the moving of a building shall designate the route to be taken, the conditions to be complied with and shall limit the time during which said moving operations shall be continued.
- (2) A report shall be made by Village employees with regard to possible damage to trees. The estimated cost of trimming, removal and replacement of public trees, as determined by the Village, shall be paid to the Village Clerk prior to issuance of the moving permit.
- (3) Issuance of moving permit shall further be conditioned on approval of the moving route by the Village Board.
- (b) **Continuous Movement.** The movement of buildings shall be a continuous operation during all the hours of the day and at night, until such movement is fully completed. All such operations shall be performed with the least possible